SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: Hylomar M PowerCan

Other means of identification

SDS number: 6

Recommended use: Non-Setting and Non-Hardening Gasketing Compound.

Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer: Hylomar Ltd.
Address: Hylo House, Cale Lane, New Springs, Wigan, Greater Manchester, UK, WN2 1JT

Telephone number: +44(0)1942 617000
E-mail address: info@hylomar.co.uk
Contact person: Technical Department
Emergency telephone: 1.866.519.4752 (USA, Canada, Mexico)
1-760-476-3962
Access code: 333544

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Flammable aerosols Category 1
Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statement: Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection/face protection.
Response: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.

Supplemental information: None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Hylomar M PowerCan

903826 Version #: 02 Revision date: 28-February-2018 Issue date: 02-February-2015
## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists get medical attention.

### Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Ingestion
In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Drink a few glasses of water or milk.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

### General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media
Alcohol resistant foam. Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

### Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

### Fire fighting equipment/instructions
Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

### Specific methods
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

### General fire hazards
Extremely flammable aerosol. The product is extremely flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to some distant source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid inhalation of vapors/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flames, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Transfer to a container for disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Ventilate the area. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

### Environmental precautions
Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mist and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Pressurized container: Must not be exposed for temperatures above 50°C. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat, spark, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep locked up. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120°F/49°C as can may burst. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td></td>
<td>2400 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.8 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20 mppcf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>590 mg/m³</td>
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<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>6 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>25 mg/l</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines
Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection
If eye contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields or chemical type goggles should be worn.

Skin protection
Hand protection
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Butyl rubber gloves are recommended. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable.

Skin protection
Other
Wear suitable protective clothing.
In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Blue thixotropic gel.

Physical state
Liquid.

Form
Aerosol. Thixotropic gel.

Color
Blue.

Odor
Sweet. Ethereal.

Odor threshold
Not available.

pH
Not available.

Melting point/freezing point
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range
Not applicable.

Flash point
1.4 °F (-17.0 °C) Closed Cup

Evaporation rate
Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%) 4
Flammability limit - upper (%) 57
Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure
185 (20 °C/68 °F)

Vapor density
2 (Air = 1) (20 °C/68 °F)

Relative density
1.03 (20 °C/68 °F)

Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water) Insoluble in water.
Solubility (solvents) Miscible in acetone.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.

Decomposition temperature
Not available.

Viscosity
Not applicable.

Other information
Explosive properties Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

VOC
40 - 50 (Hylomar Test Method 1.1A Determination of Volatile Matter)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.

Chemical stability
Risk of ignition. Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid
Heat, flames and sparks. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents.
11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation**
May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. In high concentrations, vapors may be irritating to the respiratory system.

**Skin contact**
Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

**Eye contact**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion**
Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**
Not expected to be acutely toxic.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 15700 mg/kg, 24 Hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 Rat</td>
<td>76 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 Rat</td>
<td>5800 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dust</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 0.14 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 3300 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified.

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified.

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**
Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens**
Not listed.

Not regulated.

**Reproductive toxicity**
Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified.

Aspiration hazard
Not classified.

Chronic effects
None known.

Further information
No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Daphnia pulex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Pimephales promelas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chronic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>Daphnia magna</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24

Mobility in soil
The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Mobility in general
The acetone component is miscible with water and may spread in water systems.

Other adverse effects
The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Do not discharge into rivers, lakes, mountains, etc. because the product may affect the environment.

Contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT
UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1
Packing group -
Environmental hazards -
Marine pollutant No
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions N82
Packaging exceptions 306
Packaging non bulk None
Packaging bulk None
IATA
UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
  Class 2.1
  Subsidiary risk -
  Label(s) 2.1
Packing group -
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG
UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
  Class 2.1
  Subsidiary risk -
  Label(s) 2.1
Packing group -
Environmental hazards
  Marine pollutant No
EmS F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information
US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
  All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
  TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
    Not regulated.
  CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
    Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed.
  SARA 304 Emergency release notification
    Not regulated.
  OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)
    Not regulated.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
  SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
    Not listed.
  SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
    Yes
    Classified hazard categories
      Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
      Serious eye damage or eye irritation
      Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
  SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
    Not regulated.
Other federal regulations
  Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
    Not regulated.
  Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
    Not regulated.
  Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.
Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Silicon dioxide, crystalline silica-free (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to Ethylene glycol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) Listed: June 19, 2015

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 02-February-2015
Revision date 28-February-2018
Version # 02
HMIS® ratings Health: 2
                         Flammability: 4
                         Physical hazard: 3
NFPA ratings

List of abbreviations

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.
EC50: Effective Concentration 50%.
NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

Disclaimer
The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

This SDS contains revisions in the following section(s):
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16